Patient Name:

Date of Surgery:

Date & Location of First Follow-Up Visit at ValleyOrtho:

Date & Location of First Rehabilitation Appointment:

Patient Expectations for Surgery & Recovery

- 1. Pain Expectation:
- 2. Activity Expectation:

# YOUR MENISCECTOMY PLAYBOOK

Thank you for joining our team at ValleyOrtho.

We feel you are the most valuable person in the surgery and recovery process. This Playbook is your guide to best prepare for and recover from your meniscus surgery.

Each member of your care team plays a valuable role and has been trained to assist you every step of the way.

## **Your Orthopedic Team**

Staff Introductions

## Meniscectomy Education

- Anatomy & Surgery 4
- From Start to Finish5-6

# **Pre-operative Training**

- Schedule Physical Therapy 7
- Contact Us 8

# **Preparing for Your Surgery**

- Preparing Your Home 9
- Packing for the Hospital 10
- Pre-Surgical Skin Prep 11
- Surgery Instructions Sheet 12
- FAQ's 13-14

# **Surgery & Hospital Care**

Day of Surgery

## **At Home After Surgery**

- Monitor Your Healing 16
- Cold Therapy Education 16
- Pain Education 17
- Constipation Management 18
- Crutch Walking Education 18-19
- Activities of Daily Living 20

## **Your Recovery Process**

- Initial Precautions 21
- Initial Exercises 22
- Expected Phases 23
- Follow-up Visits 24

Scan the QR Code here to link to your online Meniscectomy Playbook:







# Meet Your Physician, Dr. Ferdinand "Tito" J. Liotta, MD

Dr. Liotta has been restoring the health of residents in the Roaring Fork Valley since 1996. He specializes in sports-related injuries of the shoulder and knee, treating both professional athletes and weekend warriors with personalized attention and state-of-theart care.

A 1985 graduate of the University of California, San Francisco, Dr. Liotta completed his Orthopedic residency at the University of Colorado in 1991. He then

went on to complete a fellowship in Indianapolis, Indiana with the Methodist Sports Medicine Center.



Dr. Liotta has called the Roaring Fork Valley home for more than 20 years, and when he's not working, you'll find him exploring our mountain community on his bike or his skis.

# Meet Your Physician Assistants, Amanda Hunter, PA-C

Amanda grew up in the Colorado Springs area and knew she wanted to pursue a career in medicine from an early age. After participating in high school basketball and volleyball, she further narrowed her focus to sports medicine.

Amanda received her undergraduate degree in chemistry, with a minor in sports health and wellness. She went on to complete her physician assistant studies at Midwestern University in Chicago, where she worked in Orthopedics and neurosurgery for several years.

Having always wanted to return to her home state of Colorado, she's happy to have found a home with ValleyOrtho. Amanda primarily works with Dr. Tito Liotta, seeing new and follow-up patients, assisting in surgery, and caring for all post-operative patients. In her personal time, Amanda enjoys spending time in the outdoors with her husband, who is a special education teacher here in the Roaring Fork Valley, and her two kids.



## **Erin Flores, PA-C**

Erin is a physician assistant at ValleyOrtho, working with Dr. Tito Liotta. She earned her Bachelor of Science in kinesiology from University of Virginia, followed by her master of physician assistant studies from the University of Pittsburgh. She joined Dr. Liotta's team in 2024.

A former athlete in field hockey, soccer and ultimate frisbee, Erin has always held an interest in orthopedics. Her role as physician assistant, she says, benefits directly from her experience being on a sports team



Originally from Richmond, VA., Erin is a new resident of the Glenwood Springs area, and has been "saying yes" to every opportunity she can to explore the outdoors including hiking, paddle boarding and biking.

## Meet Your Medical Assistant Kara Morgan R-MA

Kara grew up in New Castle, CO. She graduated from the University of Colorado Boulder with a bachelor's degree in Integrative Physiology. She was recruited to play volleyball at the University of St. Thomas in Minnesota her freshman year then transferred to CU and was an athletic trainer intern for the CU Women's Lacrosse Team and became a Ralphie Handler where she got to run with the University's live buffalo mascot.



## Meet Your Athletic Trainers Maddy Prior, MS, ATC, CSCS

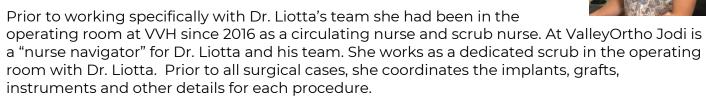
Maddy is originally from New Hampshire and has been in the valley since 2023. She received her bachelors of science in Athletic Training from The University of New Hampshire, and her masters of science in Exercise and Sport Science with a concentration in Strength and Conditioning from Merrimack College in Massachusetts.



On Dr. Liotta's team she works as an athletic trainer giving home exercise programs, casting, and brace fitting. Maddy remains active in the sporting community as she is also the head athletic trainer at CRMS and The Gentlemen of Aspen Rugby team.

# Meet Your Nurse Navigator Jodi Callison, BSN

Jodi is a home grown Coloradan from Aurora, CO. Jodi has been in the valley since 2011 and lives in Carbondale with her husband and daughter. While on the Front Range she achieved her BS in Biology from CSU and a BSN in Nursing from CU.







# ANATOMY & SURGICAL OVERVIEW

Let's review what the meniscus does in the knee and how we can help get you back to what you love doing if it is damaged.

#### Where is the Meniscus?

The knee is made of 3 bones: The thigh bone (femur), the shin bone (tibia) and the knee cap (patella, not pictured). The meniscus sits between the thigh and shin bones highlighted in blue in the picture on the right.

#### What Does the Meniscus Do?

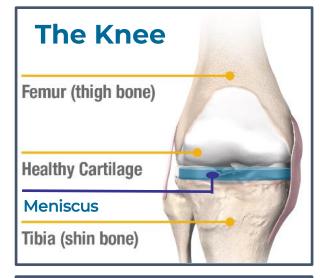
The meniscus acts as a cushion between the two bones and helps create smooth motion at the knee joint.

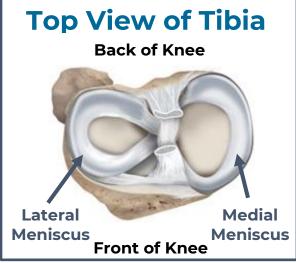
# How Does the Meniscus Become Damaged?

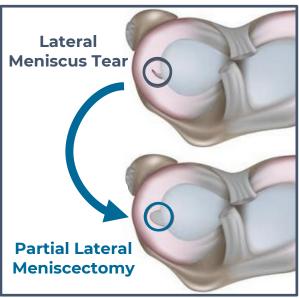
Tears usually occur during forceful loading of the meniscus with a pivoting or twisting motion. This can be when landing from a jump or during a quick change in direction while running.

### **Surgical Details:**

If the tear in your meniscus is too small to repair, or it is in an area that does not heal very well, the best treatment may be to remove the loose tear. A small tool will be used to clean and smooth the area around the tear. Removing the tear will stop any catching or locking in your knee and can help you get back to your normal activities quickly.









# MENISCECTOMY TIMELINE

#### AT LEAST TWO WEEKS BEFORE TO SURGERY

- You may be referred to physical therapy before surgery to prepare your knee for the best outcome.
- Schedule your first physical therapy appointment for 3-5 days after your surgery.
  - o Schedule therapy for twice a week for 6 weeks to start. See page 7 for details.
- Register yourself for our surgery department at OneMedicalPassport.com

#### ONE WEEK BEFORE SURGERY

- You will be contacted by the Pre-Anesthesia Clinic to schedule any other medical clearance needed before surgery.
- To minimize any surgery and medication related constipation see page 18.
- **DO NOT** shave around the knee beginning 4 days before surgery.
- Prepare your home environment for a safe return as you will be using crutches for a few weeks. Refer to page 9 for more details.
- Stop taking all supplements that are not prescribed medications and following medications that increase bleeding: Aspirin, Ibuprofen, Naproxen or fish oil.

#### THE DAY BEFORE SURGERY

- The Day Surgery Department will call <u>after 2pm</u> the day before surgery about:
  - o What time you should plan to arrive at the hospital.
  - When to stop eating/drinking before surgery. See page 12 for more details.
  - Which medications to take the morning of surgery.
    - During this call, complete your "Surgery Instructions Sheet" on page 12.
    - Call (970)384-7166 if you do not hear from the nursing staff before 5pm.

#### THE NIGHT BEFORE SURGERY

- Remove any nail polish from your toes.
- Shower with provided cleaning sponge. Refer to page 11 for details.
- Enjoy dinner then brush your teeth and rinse out your mouth before bedtime.
- Put clean sheets on your bed, wear a clean set of pajamas.
- **DO NOT** smoke at this time. **DO NOT** resume smoking until the day after surgery.
- **DO NOT** allow your animals to be in your bed with you.

#### THE MORNING OF SURGERY

- Shower and repeat sponge cleansing process thoroughly. See page 11 for details.
- Do not shave or use any lotions on the surgical leg.
- If you usually take morning medications for your heart, blood pressure, lungs, seizures, and/or acid reflux, take them with a small sip of water without any food.





#### THE DAY OF SURGERY

- Arrive and register at the hospital at your assigned time.
- In Day Surgery, Dr. Liotta will meet you and prepare you for surgery.

#### THE DAY AFTER SURGERY

- Take your pain medications as needed for pain control.
- You will use crutches to help you walk without a limp. You may put as much pressure through your knee as you are comfortable, see pages 18-19 for more crutch information.
- Consistently follow your cryotherapy program (page 16) and exercises program (page 22).

#### **3-5 DAYS AFTER SURGERY**

 You will begin outpatient rehabilitation to promote optimal knee healing by regaining motion, decreasing swelling and improving muscle control.

#### 7-10 DAYS AFTER SURGERY

 You will return to Dr. Liotta's office to check the progress of your surgical healing, have your stitches removed and your bandage changed.

### WEEK 1 TO WEEK 3 (Page 23 for more details)

- Your surgical knee is likely to be uncomfortable during this phase. This is normal and expected as your tissues are healing quickly.
- Your therapist will help you with your walking.
- We expect the motion, quadriceps control and pain levels to improve steadily.

### **WEEK 3 TO WEEK 5** (Page 23 for more details)

- You will be working to regain the motion and muscle control of your knee.
- You will be working to normalize your walking during this phase.
- Even though discomfort may still be present, we expect you to stop narcotic pain medication use by week 4. Refer to page 17 for pain medication information.

## WEEK 5 TO WEEK 7 (Page 23 for more details)

- We expect that you may have muscle soreness as you increase work to improve the strength of your knee. This is normal.
- We expect to start a guided return to your recreational activity in this phase

## **WEEKS 7+** (Page 23 for more details)

• We expect you to be starting slow and controlled return to your normal recreational activities under the guidance of Dr. Liotta, Amanda Hunter and your physical therapist based on your progress with your recovery.



Appointments

Messages

Billing

My Health

Medical Forms

Tasks and Tools

My Profile

# YOUR PRE-OPERATIVE TRAINING

At ValleyOrtho, you are the most important player on our team. Our pre-operative training program is designed to help you participate in your healing like a pro.

#### IMPORTANT NOTE

If you happen to become ill within 2 weeks of your surgery, even with a simple cold, please contact us right away. We may need to reschedule your surgery until you are healthy again. Also, if you get a cut, scrape, rash, or sore on the knee scheduled for operation, please let us know immediately. A skin break could require rescheduling your surgery, due to a small increased risk of infection.

## 1. Set Up Your Valley View Patient Portal

You should have received an email from us with a link to set up your patient portal account. If you cannot find the email we will be happy to send you another one, just let us know.

#### Benefits of the Portal

- Easily contact Dr. Liotta and his team using the Portal Messaging Center.
- Have access to your visit reports by clicking "My Health" on the left sided toolbar then click "Care Summaries".

## 2. Schedule Your Therapy Appointments

- Schedule your first outpatient physical therapy appointment for 3-5 days after your surgery. Therapy will be twice a week to start. Schedule for four weeks initially.
- We expect you to be attending physical therapy in some fashion for 1-3 months.

### 3. Quick Recovery Tips

These simple healing points can take your recovery from good to great.

- Use cold therapy consistently for the first week as described on page 20.
- Consistently follow the initial home exercise program on page 22.
- Do everything to be able to get into and maintain a straight knee position.
- When you can, it is best to elevate your knee in a straight position above your heart for increased swelling control.







#### You're Trained. Now What?

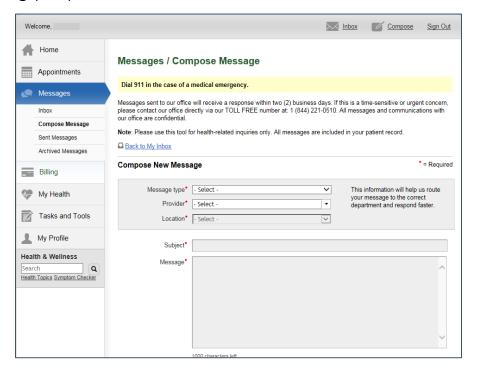
Any surgery can be daunting, but you can rest assured knowing that our team will walk you through every step on your big day.

The rest of this Playbook will explain in detail your pre-surgical, surgical and recovery process from start to finish. Use this as a guide to effectively complete the Meniscectomy Timeline on pages 5-6.

When you choose to have your knee surgery with ValleyOrtho and Valley View Hospital, our team is committed to helping you achieve the best surgical outcome possible so you can return to the lifestyle you love.

#### **Contact Us**

At each stage of your journey, before, during and after surgery, we're here to provide information and answer any questions you may have. Feel free to reach us quickly during business hours by messaging "Dr. Liotta" through your Valley View Hospital Patient Portal, or by phone at (970)384-7140. If something is urgent you don't have to worry about when you should call; an on call provider can answer your questions day or night by calling (970)384-7140.





# PREPARING FOR YOUR SURGERY

Give yourself a head-start on healing by following these more detailed surgery-prep tips from Dr. Liotta.

#### **Prepare Your Body**

- Continue (or develop) the healthy habits needed to support your healing. Eat healthy foods like fruits, vegetables, lean meats and whole grains. Increase the amount of water you are drinking daily and get plenty of rest.
- Reduce or stop all smoking, tobacco, and alcohol use.
- Exercise as much as your body can tolerate to maintain your muscle strength.

## **Practice Daily Tasks**

- You will temporarily need to use crutches to move about your home. It is important to imagine how you will go about your day without being able to hold anything in your hands as you move from room to room.
- Before surgery, practice how you will get in and out of the shower with a stiff surgical knee that will not want to bend comfortably.
- You may also want to practice getting in and out of the passenger side of the car with a stiff surgical knee, adjusting the seat position now could save you some trouble when it's time to go home.

## **Prepare Your Home for a Smooth Transition**

Make these changes to improve the convenience and safety of your home environment ahead of time.

- Create a clear path to the entrance of your home. Pick up throw rugs, tack down loose carpeting and remove electrical cords or other obstructions from walkways.
- Install a rubber mat, or non-skid adhesive, on the bottom of the tub or shower.
- Install night lights in bathrooms, bedrooms and hallways.
- If you will be returning home alone, establish a rotating support system that involves more than one person to help you with everyday needs.
- Plan for someone to drive you to your outpatient physical therapy appointments, the store, and other important destinations for the first 3-4 weeks.
- Introduce family pets to crutches before surgery. Strongly discourage them from being underfoot when you are up and moving as they can become a tripping hazard.
- It is best to sleep with the knee supported in a straight position elevated on pillows. It may be more comfortable but **DO NOT** support the knee in a bent position (by using a pillow behind the knee) as this will delay your recovery.





#### **Pre-arrange Your Finances to Reduce Stress**

Our Patient Financial Services staff is happy to help all of our patients with their billing questions. If you have questions about billing, insurance, financial assistance or charges for healthcare services, please contact Patient Financial Services at (970)384-6890.

#### **Pack for Your Hospital Visit**

To stay comfortable during your hospital visit, we suggest you bring:

- Your Meniscectomy Playbook.
- Slip-on shoes with heel cup and rubberized soles.
- Comfortable elastic waistband pants or shorts that are easy to put on and take off over a likely swollen leg.
- Eye-glasses instead of contacts.
- Driver's license or photo ID, Insurance card/Medicare Card.
- Copy of your Advanced Health Care Directives.
- Cash or credit card to pay for discharge medications.
- A list of your daily medications, vitamins and herbal supplements, including the dosage and frequency, plus a list of medications you stopped taking in preparation for surgery.
  - Your own medication will be used **only** when the hospital pharmacy does not stock your specific medication and interruption in the use of that medication would compromise your care. Speak with Dr. Liotta if you feel your medications may fit these criteria.
- Your Cell phone/charger, books, magazines or other portable hobbies.
- A pair of crutches if you have them. These should be labeled with your name.
- <u>DO NOT</u> wear or bring any jewelry or any other valuables. This includes removing wedding bands and all piercings.





### Prep Your Skin to Discourage Bacteria

Preparing your skin before surgery can reduce the risk of infection at the surgical site by reducing bacteria on the skin. You will receive scrub brushes with anti-bacterial soap from our clinic at your pre-operative appointment.

# Please use the prescribed sponge to wash carefully before your surgery, following the steps below:

If you test positive for any additional skin bacteria you will be notified by ValleyOrtho and you will be instructed in additional skin and/or bacterial preparations to get you ready.

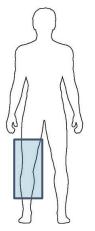
- 1. Wet your entire body with warm, **NOT** hot, water.
- 2. Wash hair with normal shampoo/conditioner. Wash your face and body with your normal soap, then rinse.
- 3. Wet the sponge provided then turn off the water.
- 4. Use the sponge side only and clean starting from the surgical knee working outward to include the front and back of your thigh and lower leg. Avoid contact with your eyes, ears, mouth and directly on genitals. This process should take 3 minutes to clean.
- 5. Wait 2 minutes after this application before turning the shower back on and rinsing off.
- 6. Rinse off all of the soap from your body with **warm** water.
- 7. Dry with a clean towel and wear clean clothes to bed.



- Remove any nail polish from fingers and toes.
- Don't let the prescribed cleanser get into your eyes, ears, mouth or genitals.
- **<u>DO NOT</u>** use moisturizers, lotions or oils on the skin after beginning the cleansing regimen we provide.
- If you have persistent redness or itching, rinse the affected area, discontinue use of the wash, and call our office at (970)384-7140.
- If you swallow the wash, call Poison Control right away: (800)222-1222.

#### SPECIAL NOTE ABOUT SHAVING:

We ask that you **<u>DO NOT</u>** shave your surgical knee **for four days** prior to surgery. Dr. Liotta will inspect your surgical knee the morning of your surgery and will carefully shave the area at that time. If there are any breaks in your skin, your surgery may need to be rescheduled due to a risk of infection.







# **SURGERY INSTRUCTIONS SHEET**

The Day Surgery staff will call you the day before your surgery with instructions. Complete this worksheet during that phone call.

Patient calls begin at 2pm one business day before the scheduled surgery date. This means Monday's surgical patients are called on the Friday before. You may contact the day surgery staff at 970-384-7166 if you have not received your instructions before 5pm one business day before your surgery date.

Date of Surgery:	<del></del>
Surgery Location:	
Check-in Time: *If you are late it may a surgery.*	affect your surgery time, or result in rescheduling your
Surgery Time:	
Eating Allowed Ur *Do not eat any food a instructed.*	<b>ntil:</b> Ifter midnight before your operation unless otherwise
	quids Allowed Until: g after midnight before your operation unless otherwis
instructed.*	g arter manight before your operation arness otherwis
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# **FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS**

### Q. Will I be in pain after surgery?

You will likely be in some form of discomfort after surgery. This is normal. It is your body telling you to slow down to heal. Our team will work you through this process, taking your comfort into consideration in everything that we do.

### Q. Can I work out after my surgery?

Early after surgery your exercise program should be modified to exclude putting a lot of weight or motion through your surgical knee. Upper body exercises are encouraged as soon as you feel able. Unless you have a partner to help you, you are limited to seated upper body machines initially because it will be difficult to carry free weights around in the gym on your own while using crutches.

## Q. How long until I can drive?

You are not able to drive while taking your narcotic pain medications. Immediately driving after a meniscectomy is a safety concern. Be aware that drivers who require crutches to walk carry more liability. The ability to drive depends on whether surgery was on your right leg or your left leg and the type of car you have. If the surgery was on your left leg and you have an automatic transmission, you could be driving as soon as you are off narcotics and can get into/out of the car comfortably. If your surgery was on your right side, your driving could be restricted as long as four weeks until you have the motion and strength needed to operate the pedals safely and efficiently.

## Q. How often will I see Dr. Liotta following the surgery?

Your first postoperative office visit will be scheduled for 7-10 days after surgery, then 1 week after that first follow up appointment. After that, plan for appointments at one-month intervals. Your physical therapist will communicate with Dr. Liotta and his team regarding your progress.

#### Q. Can I take off the steri-strips if they are coming off?

We encourage you to allow them to fall off. However, if they are "hanging on by a thread," you can gently pull them off.

## Q. When can I Shower? Can I swim / submerge the incision?

Shower as soon as you feel able after returning home. The dressings are water resistant so they can get wet, but do not allow the shower to hit the incisions directly and do not submerge the incisions in water. Always use a clean wash cloth and do not directly scrub the incisions. Pat the incisions dry thoroughly after your shower. We want the incisions to be fully healed and free from scabs, which takes 14 days on average before you submerge/swim. Please clear this activity with your therapist or doctor before you submerge the incision.





#### Q. When will I be able to get back to work or school?

We recommend that you take at least 1 week off from desk work or school to help manage the initial swelling and start your rehabilitation off right. To return to work and school you should be a strong walker (with or without crutches), be able to maintain good pain control during a full day, and ensure swelling continues to decrease each day as you return to work and/or school. If your work is labor intensive, plan to take closer to 4 weeks off before returning to light duty.

### Q. Do you recommend any long-term restrictions?

No. Be sure to follow all post-operative instructions and you should enjoy full motion and return to activity once you heal. It is important to continue a strengthening program for at least I year after your surgery to get back to your pre-injury strength level.

### Q. How long will my recovery take?

Knee motion should be nearly restored around 3 weeks with regular physical therapy. With continued strengthening and balance exercises, both strength and function of your knee should dramatically improve after 4-6 weeks. When you return to recreational activity is based on how well you can protect your knee with your muscle strength. This timeframe can range from 6-16 weeks and is dependent on how well you follow your rehabilitation program.

#### Q. How long do I wait before having dental procedures?

It is possible, in some situations, for bacteria from the mouth, teeth or gums to travel through the bloodstream and settle in a post-surgical site. In an attempt to prevent this occurrence representatives from the American Dental Association and the American Academy of Orthopedic Surgeons developed these guidelines:

- Refrain from any dental work two weeks prior to surgery.
- Refrain from dental work one month after surgery.
- Ask your dentist about having antibiotics prescribed and the timeframe for premedicating prior to any dental work to ensure safety.

If you have any other questions to help you better prepare for surgery please call us at 970-384-7140



# **YOUR SURGICAL & FACILITY CARE**

### The Day of Surgery Game Plan: Checking In

#### At the Hospital

The Valley View Valet is a free service. The Calaway-Young Cancer Center valet is open from 7:30AM to 5PM.

You will stop at one of the hospital's registration desks 2 hours before your surgery time.

- o Registration at the Emergency Department entrance is always open.
- Upper registration on the 2<sup>nd</sup> floor near the Pharmacy is open from 7AM-3:30PM Monday-Thursday and from 8AM-2:30PM on Fridays.

#### <u>Valley View</u> <u>Surgery Center at Basalt</u>

Please use the onsite parking right outside the Mid Valley Surgical Center.

You will register at the front desk 2 hours before your surgery time.

Address:

1450 E Valley Rd Suite 202, Basalt, CO 81621

- Our nursing staff will begin preparing you for surgery by starting an IV and ensuring that you're comfortable.
- Dr. Liotta will come and answer any additional questions you may have and mark the knee you are having repaired with a surgical marker.
- An anesthesiologist will meet with you to talk about general anesthesia and the nerve block you will receive for comfort.
- A nurse will take you into the operating room on a portable bed.
- Following surgery you will spend about an hour in the post anesthesia care unit (PACU) while your vitals normalize and your pain is controlled. Your family and friends will not be allowed to visit the PACU.
- You will return to the Day Surgery Department to rest and meet your family and friends.

#### Your Recovery in the Day Surgery Department

The duration of your stay will be based on your vitals, progress, and safety. Most patients are discharged approximately 6 hours after their surgery.

- You will interact primarily with your day surgery nurse and patient care technician (PCT).
- A nurse will assist you while getting in and out of bed and into the bathroom. Do not try to get out of bed by yourself. They will help guide your movements, monitor pain and dizziness, and keep you safe from falls.
- A physical therapist will instruct you in your post-operative instructions that include your home exercise routine and proper crutch walking progression.





# AT HOME AFTER YOUR SURGERY

#### **Monitor Your Healing**

Healing after a meniscectomy can be uncomfortable but you need to know what signs of healing need immediate professional attention. An on call provider is ready to help you at all times. **Immediately call 970-384-7140 if you experience any of the** 

#### following:



- A fever over 101.5 degrees.
- An increase in bleeding from the surgical site.
- Worsening pain that is not controlled by medication or position changes.
- Worsening nausea or vomiting.
- Increased swelling that is not controlled by cold therapy or position changes.
- Increased redness around your incisions and/or cloudy fluid draining from the incision.
- Or if you get the feeling that something is just not right.
- Call 911 with Shortness of breath and/or chest pain symptoms.

If you have questions about upcoming appointments or medications, please message "Dr. Liotta" through your Valley View Hospital Patient Portal for the timeliest response.

## Cold Therapy for Pain and Swelling

- Apply your chosen cold therapy to your knee over a thin layer of clothing with your knee in a supported, straight, and elevated position.
- Cycle the cold therapy 15 minutes on, then 15 minutes off for the first week. After the first week you can choose to use cold therapy as needed to manage your pain and swelling during the day.
- When using the Cryo Cuff or NICE1:
  - o Always apply and remove the device from your knee **only** when the knee wrap is empty and the hose is unattached.
  - Check the Cryo Cuff every 2-3 hours that there is still ice in the unit so that your treatments are effective.
- Set the compression settings on the NICE1 to continuous or intermittent based on your preference. If it is too uncomfortable you do not need to use the compression settings.
- When using cold packs, place them on the front and back of the knee with an ace wrap.
- Remove cold therapy when doing your prescribed exercises or to shower and dress.





The NICE1



**Cold Packs** 



#### **Pain Education**

Pain is an expected and necessary part of the healing process.

- It is normal to have pain when you wake from surgery.
  - o It is also normal to feel an increase in pain 6-24 hours after surgery as the stronger medications used for surgery wear off.
- This early increase in pain does not mean there has been damage to the repair.
  - o This is your nervous system becoming more efficient at sensing the healing that is taking place in your knee.
- Your nervous system will become less sensitive over time.
  - Participation in physical rehabilitation with appropriate rest and medication use will help with this process. Your therapist will guide you through the pain relieving strategies that will work best for you.

### Manage Your Postoperative Pain

Your goal is to be completely transitioned from opioids to over the counter pain medications 2 - 4 weeks after surgery. Keep in mind that the goal of taking pain medication is not to be pain free after a major orthopedic surgery, but to be comfortable enough to get some sleep and participate in your physical therapy program. <a href="IMPORTANT NOTE">IMPORTANT NOTE</a>: Please plan ahead as we need 24 hours to properly process any medication refill request and we do not refill medications over the weekend.

#### • How to Wean Off of Narcotics:

- Step 1: Increase the amount of time between doses.
  - Example: Take a dose every 5-6 hours for 1-2 days. Then take a dose every 7-8 hours for 1-2 days.
- o **Step 2:** Start to reduce the dose amount.
  - Example: Decrease from 2 pills to 1 pill at each dose for 1-2 days.
- o **Step 3:** Start to transition to Tylenol
  - Example: During the day, replace a dose of narcotics with a dose of Tylenol for 1-2 days. Monitor for adequate pain relief.
  - Continue to replace narcotic doses with Tylenol until you are completely off of the prescription pain medication.
- Cold therapy is also very helpful in reducing your pain in the first few weeks after surgery. Refer to page 16 for details.







### **Address Any Postoperative Constipation**

Constipation is one of the most common postoperative complaints, as it's a common side effect from anesthesia and narcotic pain medications. Constipation is defined as infrequent bowel movements, fewer than three a week, and is associated with the following symptoms:

- Difficulty passing stool or incomplete bowel movements
- Bloated or swollen abdomen
- Hard or rock-like stool

Help keep your bowels regular by continuing your pre-surgical laxative protocol when you come home.

- Take MiraLAX twice daily: one dose (17 grams) in the morning and again in the evening, each with an 8 oz. beverage of choice, especially while you are still taking narcotic pain medications.
- Introduce foods rich in fiber (36g/day).
- Increase daily water intake: drink at least 8 cups.
- Include fresh/dried fruits vegetables, whole wheat/oat bran, prune juice and/or oatmeal.

### **Crutch Fitting**

Feel comfortable with your crutches after your surgery, below are a few fitting tips.





**Second:** Adjust the height using the pegs at the bottom to allow for 2-3 fingers between pad and armpit.



**Third:** Adjust the hand grips at wrist level when your arms are hanging relaxed at your side.



### Crutch Walking: Weight Bearing as Tolerated

Use the crutches to find the perfect amount of weight for you. You may walk without crutches in the first week as directed by your therapist if you have normal knee control and can do so without a limp, increased pain or swelling. It is normal to use the crutches for 1-2 weeks.

- If you limp or have increased pain using 1 crutch when walking, you still need to use 2 crutches when walking.
- If you limp or have increased pain without using a crutch when walking, you still need to use I or both crutches when walking.
  - Your outpatient physical therapist will help you with your walking pattern at your first appointment 3-5 days after surgery.





Single Crutch
Walking
Pattern



#### Walking pattern sequence for double or single crutch use:

• **Surgical Leg Stance Phase:** Lift the crutch(es) and the surgical leg off the ground at the same time. Bring the crutches/crutch and your surgical leg's heel forward and place them down in front of you at the same time so they are in line with each other. Put pressure through your hands (not through the armpits) to take pressure off of the surgical leg as your roll from your heel to press off of your toes.

**Surgical Leg Swing Phase:** Drive the surgical knee forward in front of you with a comfortable bend, then straighten the surgical knee fully and pull your toes up towards you, before you contact the floor with your surgical heel.

**Going Up and Down Stairs:** Hold the handrail with one hand. Put both crutches in your other hand. Support your weight evenly between the handrail and your crutches taking one step at a time. When going up stairs lead with the good leg first. When going down lead with the surgical leg first. Always move your crutches to support the surgical leg.





#### Let Our Pros Help You Tackle New Challenges

Your outpatient therapist will help problem solve and address any challenges you may experience at home. Below are some tips to make life a little easier.

- Going Up and Down Stairs: If you are using crutches, hold the handrail with one hand. Put both crutches in your other hand. Support your weight evenly between the handrail and your crutches and use "Up with the Good", "Down with the Bad" sequence. Always move your crutches in conjunction with the surgical leg.
- **Dressing**: Initially your surgical leg will be larger as it heals; it will be easier to wear loose fitting pants or shorts early on. You will likely need to sit on the edge of a chair or bed to put on your pants and socks. Slip-on shoes with heel cup and rubberized soles are recommended as bending your knee to tie your shoes may be difficult.
- Transportation: You will not be able to drive yourself until you are completely off of your narcotic pain medications. Before getting into the passenger side of the car, push the car seat all the way back and recline it if possible. Back up to the car until you feel it touch the back of your legs. Reach back for the car seat and lower yourself down. Duck your head so that you don't hit it on the door frame. Scoot back onto the seat and lift one leg at a time into the car. Use this sequence in reverse to get out of the car.
- **Sleeping:** It is best to try sleeping with the leg elevated on pillows in a straight knee positon. Keep your pain medication nearby as you may need it during the night.
- Pain: Everyone has some pain after surgery, and you will be given prescriptions for pain medication to take home. <u>DO NOT</u> take ibuprofen (Advil®, Motrin®) or naproxen (Aleve®) unless explicitly directed by Dr. Liotta. Take your prescription medications as directed. The cooling system is also very helpful in reducing your pain in the first few days after surgery.











# YOUR RECOVERY PROCESS

#### Steps to Get Back in the Game

The ultimate goal of your meniscectomy is to get you back to your pre-injury level of activity as soon and as safely as possible. Participation in your rehabilitation program is essential for a successful surgical outcome. The surgery is only a part of your journey. Working hard to regain motion and strength in your knee is the key to returning to your pre-injury activities.

We are here to guide your recovery towards the best possible outcome. Protecting your recovering knee, and healing in the right position in the early phase is critical for your success.

#### Follow These Precautions For the Best Results:

#### • For the First Week:

 Do not rest the leg in a bent knee position after surgery for greater than 30 minutes at a time. Getting the knee into a completely straight position is very important for managing your swelling to get the quickest return of your muscle control.





o Limit walking to household distances.

#### For Weeks 2-3:

- o Increase walking with crutches without noticing any increase in pain or swelling in your knee.
- Progress steadily to a normal walking pattern without the use of crutches with the advice of your orthopedic team. See page 10 for crutch walking tips.





# Keep Your Recovery on Track at Home

#### Perform the following 2 Stretches 5 Times a Day.

1. Propped Knee Straightening Stretch:
While sitting in a chair or lying down, place the foot of your surgical leg on top of another chair seat or towel, then rest in this position with the toes pointing to the ceiling for 15 minutes.



2. Knee Bending Stretch: Option 1: While sitting in a chair use your non-surgical leg to help bend your surgical knee gently. Option 2: Keep surgical knee planted on floor and scoot body forward in chair. Perform either option until a gentle stretch is felt, hold 30 seconds, and repeat it 5 times.



# For Exercises 3-5 Perform 10 Repetitions 5 Times a Day.

**3. Long Arc Quads:** Squeeze through front of the thigh and straighten the knee fully. Hold this for 3 seconds, and then slowly lower leg back to starting position. Perform 10 repetitions.



**4. Straight Leg Raise:** While laying down, squeeze the muscle above knee cap to straighten knee, then lift your leg up as high as pictured keeping your knee as straight as possible. Pause briefly at the top and slowly lower back to the bed. Perform 10 repetitions.



**5. Heel Slides:** While lying on your back in bed, bend your knee and slide your heel to your buttock as far as you can with minimal discomfort. Then slowly slide it back out straight.



**6. Ankle Pumps:** While sitting or lying down, slowly push your feet forward (like a gas pedal) then pull them backwards. To help with the swelling control do this with **both feet 1,000 times a day**.



**Walking:** Limit walking to household distances with crutches for the first week to help prevent increased swelling.





#### **EXPECTED PHASES OF RECOVERY**

Dr. Liotta and your therapist will guide you appropriately through the process.

### Phase I: Weeks 1 to 3 — Quadriceps and Swelling Control

- Your surgical knee is likely to be uncomfortable during this phase. This is normal and expected due to the swelling and large amount of healing that is taking place.
- Your job is to use regular cold therapy (page 20) and perform your home exercises (page 22) to decrease the swelling in your knee.
- Prescribed exercises and hands on therapy will increase knee motion, muscle control and help decrease your pain and inflammation.

## Phase II: Weeks 3 to 5 — Muscle Control & Walking

- We expect you to regain near full knee motion to make every day activities easier by the end of this phase.
- As you work to regain knee control we expect you to stop narcotic pain medication use in the early weeks of this phase even though discomfort may still be present.
- Exercises and training in this phase are aimed to improve walking confidence, balance and coordination in your surgical knee.

## Phase III: Weeks 5 to 7 — Return to Everyday Activities

- We expect that you will have minimal to no discomfort at this time at rest.
- We expect to start a guided return to your recreational activity in this phase.

### Phase IV: Weeks 7+ — Slow Return to Recreational Activity

- We expect to be able to progress your desired running program and sport specific training.
- You will begin more complex plyometric training to ready yourself for return to recreational activity under the direction of your therapist and Dr. Liotta.
- You will be cleared to full competitive return to sport when detailed return to sport criteria is met with your orthopedic team. This is also dependent on the discretion of Dr. Liotta regarding your recovery and chosen sport.







### Set Up and Keep Your Follow-Up Visits with ValleyOrtho

Dr. Liotta and your outpatient therapist will be in constant communication regarding your progress. It is important to attend your ongoing care appointments to be certain that your knee surgical recovery is progressing properly. By conducting regular physical exams and reviewing your program, Dr. Liotta can identify any problems that may be developing even before you know it.

### Schedule follow-up appointments at these intervals

#### **Post-Surgery**

- 7-10 days after surgery date.
- 2 weeks after surgery date.
- Monthly follow ups until discharge after second follow up appointment.

At ValleyOrtho, we appreciate your confidence, and we will do our best to keep earning it.

We are honored that you have chosen ValleyOrtho to help you regain your active lifestyle. We will be the first to wish you happy hiking, biking, skiing, climbing, gardening, and fishing with your healthy knee. In short, we would like nothing more than to help you get off the bench and back onto the playing field of your life.





